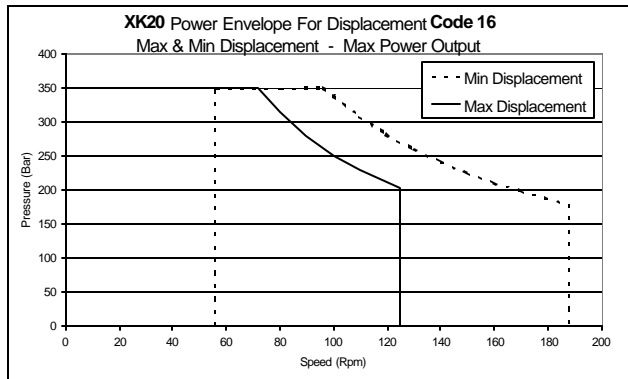
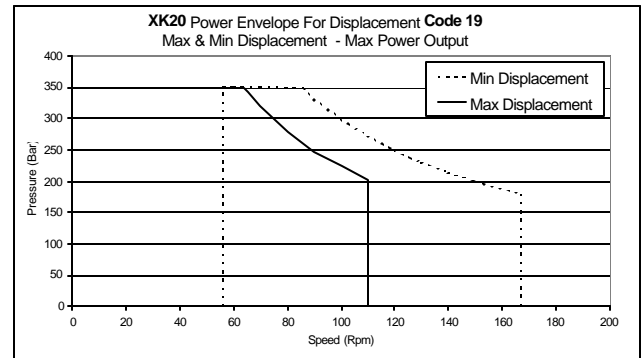
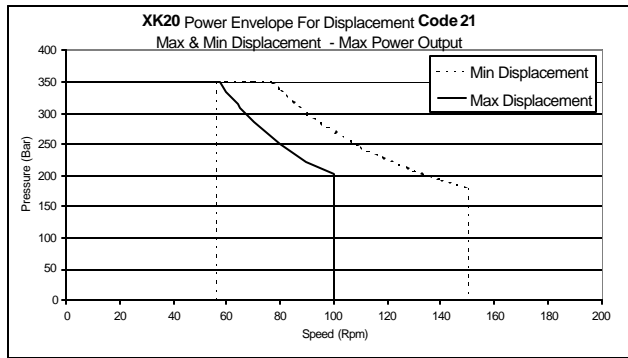
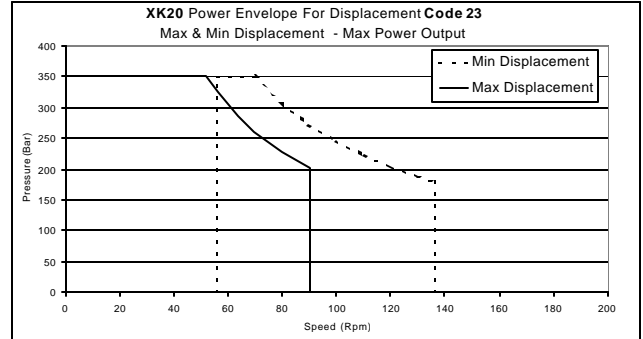
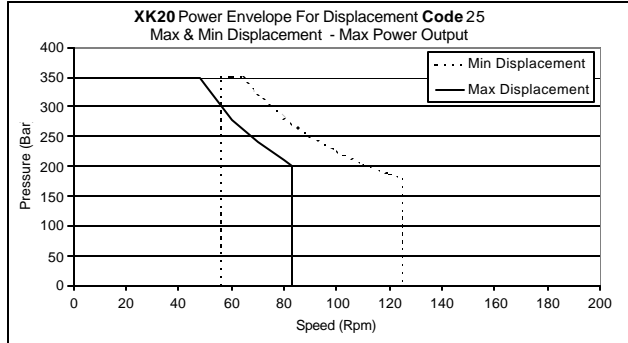


TECHNICAL DATA SHEETS

Max Operating Envelope

RotaryPower **XK20** Motor



GRAPHS SHOW **MAXIMUM** ALLOWED OPERATING ENVELOPE FOR PREFERRED ROTATION DIRECTION (DISPLACEMENT RATIO 2:1)
CONSULT ROTARY POWER WHEN OTHER DISPLACEMENT RATIOS APPLY.

For Optimum Life; continuous periods of operation should be no greater than **47KW** Hydraulic Power.

Note:

Pw (WEIGHTED AVERAGE DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE), must be no greater than **200 bar** Calculated as follows:-

$$Pw = \left\{ \frac{[N1.T1.P1^3] + [N2.T2.P2^3] + \dots + [Nn.Tn.Pn^3]}{Na} \right\}^{1/3} \quad \text{Where;}$$

N1(rpm) + P1(bar) @ T1(-) Duty N2(rpm) + P2(bar) @ T2(-) Duty ----- > Nn(rpm) + Pn(bar) @ Tn(-) Duty.

T1+T2+ > Tn = 1.0

$$Na = [N1 \times T1] + [N2 \times T2] + [N3 \times T3]$$

Example (All pressures are differential):

P1 = 100bar ; P2 = 200 bar ; P3 = 150 bar N1 = 108rpm ; N2 = 50rpm ; N3 = 75rpm T1 = 10%Duty ; T2 = 30%Duty ; T3 = 60%Duty

$$Na = [108 \times 0.1] + [50 \times 0.3] + [75 \times 0.6] = 71 \text{rpm}$$

$$Pw = \left\{ \frac{[108 \times 0.1 \times (100)^3] + [50 \times 0.3 \times (200)^3] + [75 \times 0.6 \times (150)^3]}{71} \right\}^{1/3} = 158 \text{bar}$$

